

APPLICATION RATES			
CEREALS	Litres/Tonne of Target Yield/ha	Best timing of Application	
Wheat, Barley, Oats + Rice	1 L to 3 L	Early tiller to elongation	
Maize	1 L to 3 L	5-leaf stage to pre-silking	
Sorghum	1 L to 3 L	5-leaf stage to booting	
Cotton	1 L to 3 L	4-6 leaf stage, at squaring and early flowering	
VEGETABLES	Rate (Minimum water rate 250L/ha)	Best timing of Application	
Potato, onion, garlic, carrot, pumpkin, melon, turnip and beetroot	3 L/ha 4 L/ha 4 L/ha	At the start of bulking Tuber or storage organ at about 30% grown Tuber or storage organ at about 50% grown	
Tomato, capsicum, eggplant, cucumber, zucchini	2 L/ha 2 L/ha 2 L/ha	2-3 weeks after emergence or transplant Early fruit set When fruit is 30% to 50% grown	
Lettuce, celery and brassicas	2 L/ha 2 L/ha 2 L/ha	2-3 weeks after emergence or transplant At early head formation When head is 30% to 50% grown	

PASTURES (higher rainfall) : Irrigated Pasture, Lucerne, Forage & Silage Crops 1.0 - 1.5L/ha @ early autumn & spring ground cover and

after alternate graze or cut.

PASTURES (lower rainfall) : Grass/Legume Pastures 0.75 - 1.0L/ha @ early autumn & spring ground cover and after alternate graze or cut.

ANALYSIS	Member Login Place login to be able to view this detail	
Phosphorus (P)	Thease login to be able to view this detail	w
Phosphorus (P_2O_5)		w
Sulphur (S)		w
Magnesium (Mg)		w
Zinc (Zn)		w
Manganese (Mn)		w
Copper (Cu)	Not a member yet? LOG IN Register Here	w

Tetrachel Tiller is a concentrated foliar fertiliser containing high levels of plant available phosphorus, zinc, copper and manganese for accelerated tiller development and plant growth in cereal crops. Tetrachel Tiller is formulated to provide improved plant response compared to sulphate and oxide forms of micronutrients. Incorporating the proprietary Tetrachel Chelating System Tetrachel Tiller contains four forms of chelation that when combined with the products wetting ability increase nutrient uptake through the leaf, availability and translocation of nutrient throughout the plant and energy charging of plant cells.

- 1 EDTA shuttling action provides sustainable supply of trace elements, that function in trace element mobility alkaline phloem sap.
- 2 Orthophosphate, apart from its chelatic property, participates in the energy charge of the cell.
- 3+ Citrate, amino acids and orthophosphate function collaboratively in trace element uptake and translocation as well a establishment of metabolic pathways that assist with the production of energy ar

metabolites needed for plant growth.

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Plant physiology provides the blueprint f Tetrachel in that the amino acid chelation manufactured resembles the induced phloe mobility of copper following leaf senescenc where proteins break down to amino acids ar chelate copper to supply the newly growin points of the plant top maintaining good grain set.

A significant benefit of Tetrachel is the supply metabolites and energy for growth, especial important during cold season when pla demand for energy is hardest to meet, due insufficient light, wintery condition and/or lo temperature climate.

a at in	BENEFITS		
	✓ concentrated liquid form of high-availability zinc, manganese and copper		
on ge	✓ unlocks phosphorus in alkaline soils		
es nt as at nd	✓ stimulates metabolic reactions		
	✓ increases crop responses beyond normal trace element effects		
for on me nd ng od of Ily nt to ow	✓ keeps nutrients in balance and corrects deficiencies		
	✓ protects new plant growth in cold climates and low light level		
	✓ suitable for tank mixing being safe and easy to use		
	✓ compatible with wide range of crop protection products		



Rural Liquid Fertilisers

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